



NANOE WEBINAR

zetamix Demo

Presented by G. De Calan
29, October 2020, 2 PM

I-CORPORATE

NANOE

Ready-to-use Nanopowders for the Ceramic Industry

A blurred background image of an industrial setting, showing large red plastic containers or lids stacked on top of each other, suggesting a manufacturing or storage area for ceramic powder.

Industrial SME

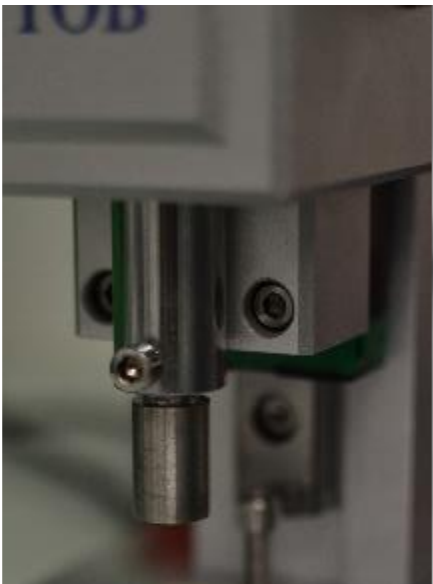
Ceramic powder production
Alumina, Zirconia, ZTA/ATZ, Yttria
Batches > 1 T
Ready to use materials

A background image of a laboratory or R&D facility. A person in a white lab coat and safety glasses is working at a bench with various scientific instruments, including a microscope and a digital scale. The environment is clean and professional.

Focused on innovation

New material development
Customer centered R&D
3D printing materials

OUR CUSTOMER PROCESSES



Pressing



Casting



**Injection
Molding**



3D Printing



Sintering

OUR APPLICATIONS



Aerospace



Biomedical



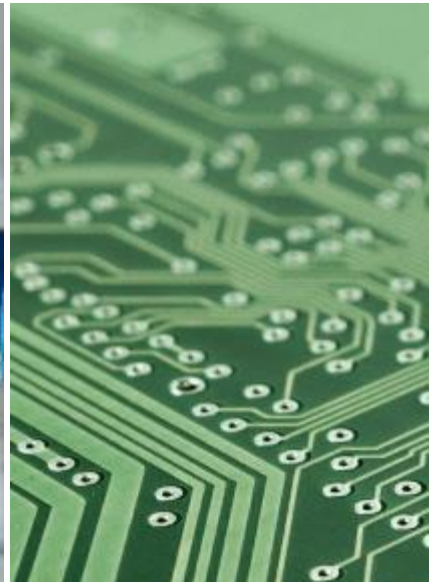
**Jewelery
and watch
making**



**Wear parts
and tooling**



**Fluid
Handling**



**Semi -
conductors**

A 3D printer is shown in operation, with a nozzle extruding material to form a cylindrical part with a helical pattern. The printer is illuminated with blue light, and a fan is visible in the background.

zetamix

II- 3D PRINTING

NANOE'S CORE COMPETENCIES



Compounding of CIM/MIM feedstock.

Blend of powder (> 50 vol%) and several binders (backbone, soluble phase, plastifier, tackifier, dispersant...) at melting temperature



Extrusion of highly loaded sinterable filaments



Alumina,
white zirconia,
black zirconia,
316L

NANOE'S CORE COMPETENCIES

Compounding

Extrusion



1

2

Powder + binders
High volumic loading
Controlled rheology

Extrusion temperature
Cooling
 $\pm 5\%$ diameter

ZETAMIX PROCESS

Slicing

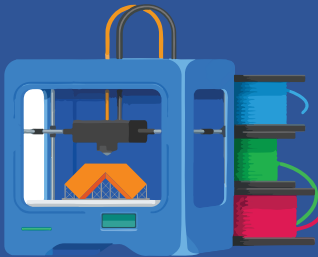
Printing

Debinding

Sintering

Final part

Post
processing



1

2

3

4

5

6

File preparation

Shape and precision
Surface finish
Green density

Chemical debinding
Drying

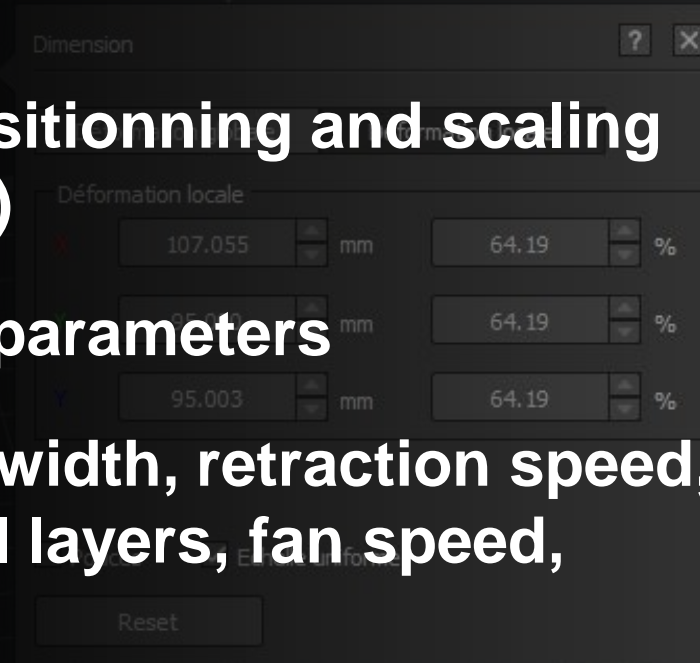
Thermal Debinding
Shrinkage

Final density
Mechanical properties

Rotary tumbling
Polishing

1- FILE PREPARATION

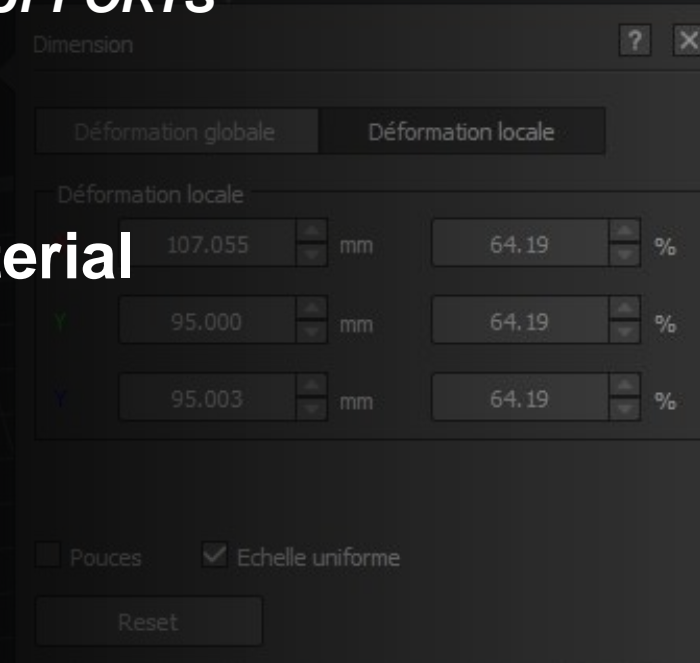
- **Part preparation: loading, positionning and scaling (for shrinkage compensation)**
- **Slicing preparation: 10 main parameters**
- **layer height, shell, extrusion width, retraction speed, infill %, top & bottom solid fill layers, fan speed, temperature, printing speed**



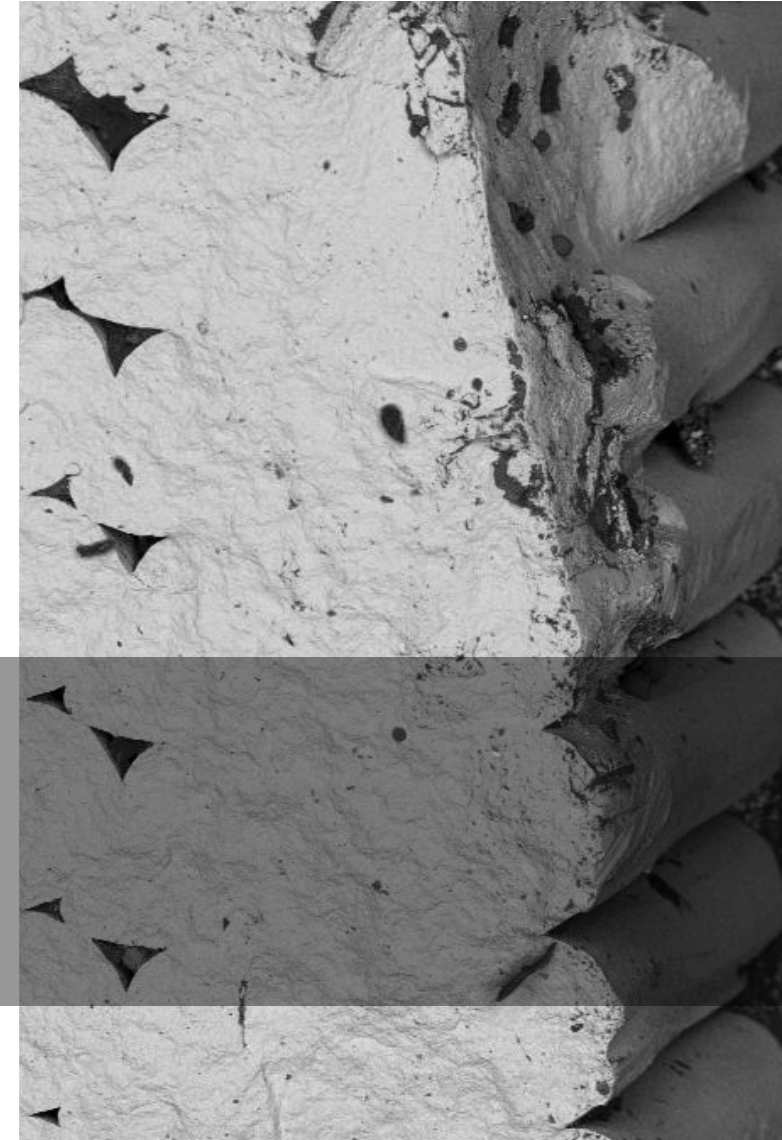
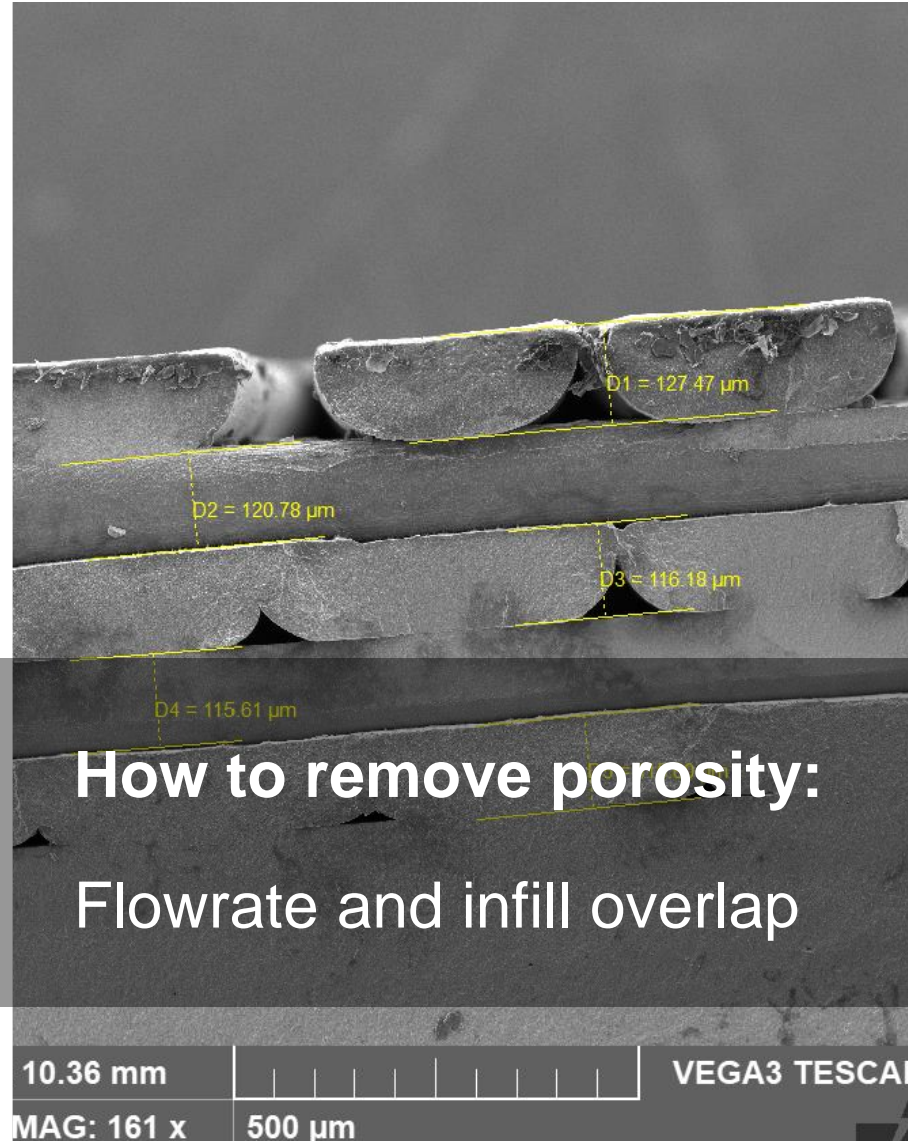
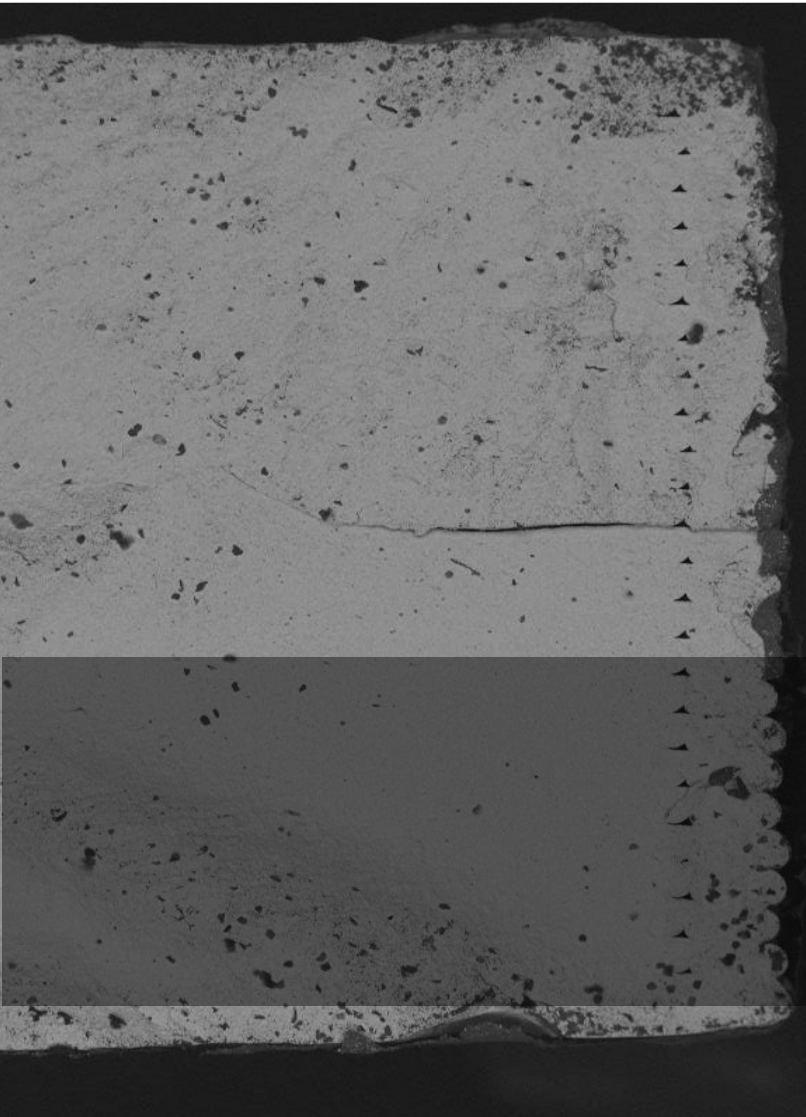
1- FILE PREPARATION

SUPPORTS

- Support strategies:
- Same material or second material
- Plate – piece or everywhere
- Colomn, lines, grids
- Support generation: manual or automatic (with max overhand angle)



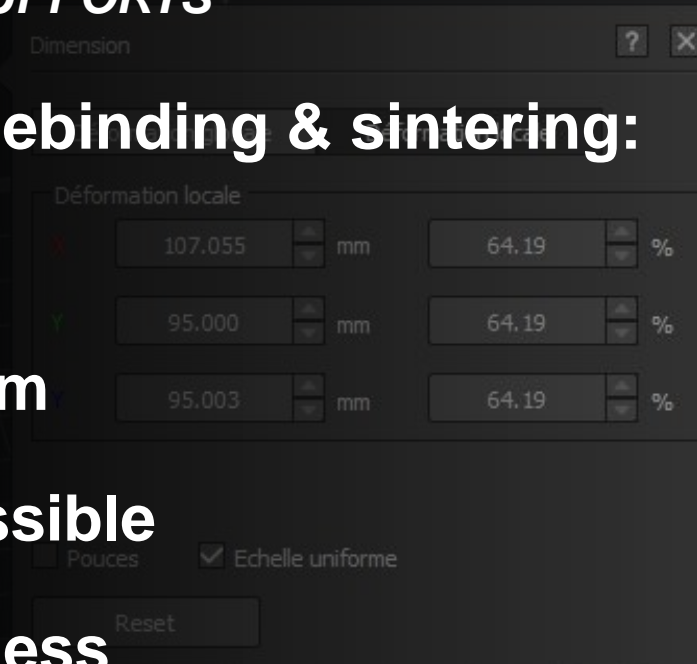
1- FILE OPTIMISATION



1- FILE PREPARATION

SUPPORTS

- How to avoid cracks during debinding & sintering:
- Infill %, open infill if possible
- Maximum thickness: 5 – 10mm
- Avoid sharp angles when possible
- Avoid brutal change in thickness



2- PRINTING

- **Print preparation:** Z level check, filament loading, launching the print



2- PRINTING

- **Print removal:** plate removal, support removal, manual finish (if necessary)




RAISE3D



File name: 19-08-BAGUE ZETA 28mmexport.gcode
Date Modified: 2020/08/19 09:25
Size: 2.5 MB

Template: ZETAMIX ZIRCONIA NOIR-export
Layer height: 0.11 mm
Shell width: 1 mm
Infill: 100 %
Infill speed: 35 mm/s

Estimated print time: 1h 27m
Estimated filament used: 3.8 g

▼ More Details

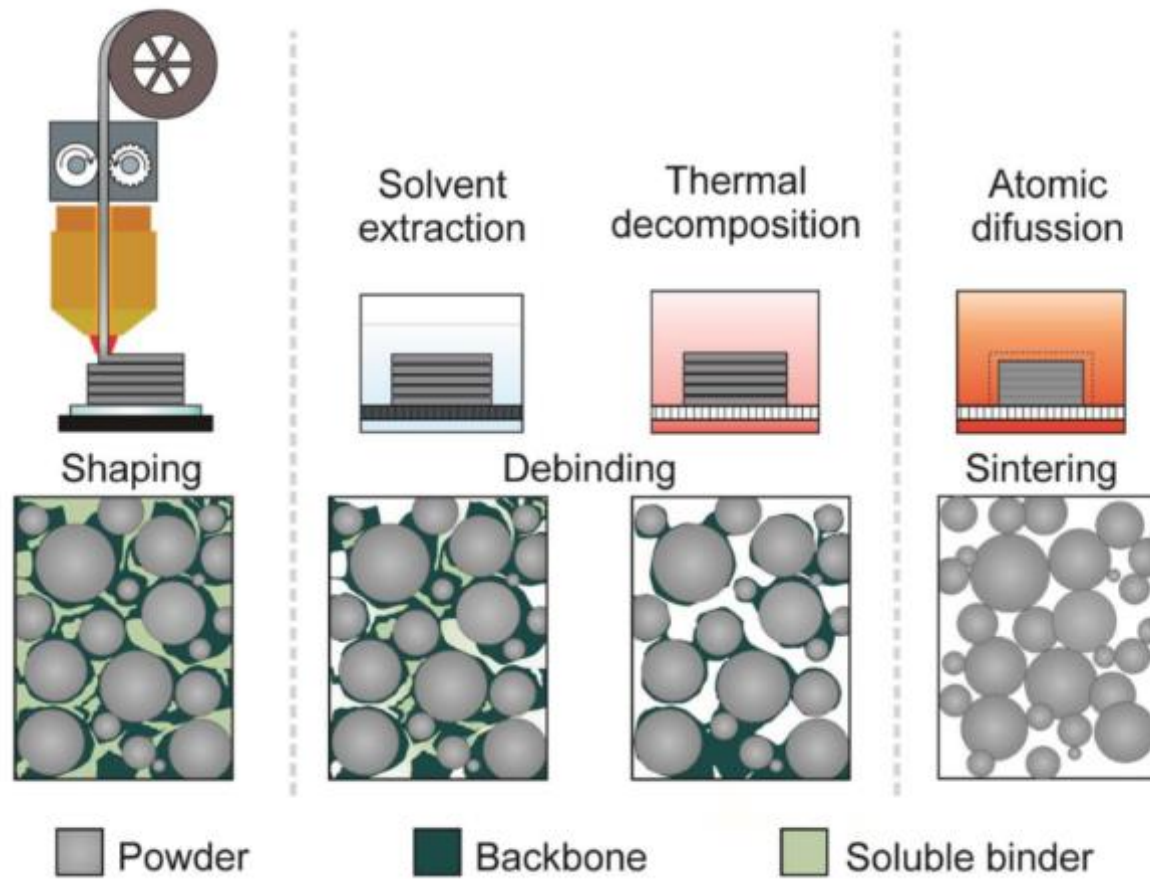
Print

Cancel

2- PRINTING

- **Troubleshooting: main problems during printing are nozzle clogging or filament jamming in the extruder**

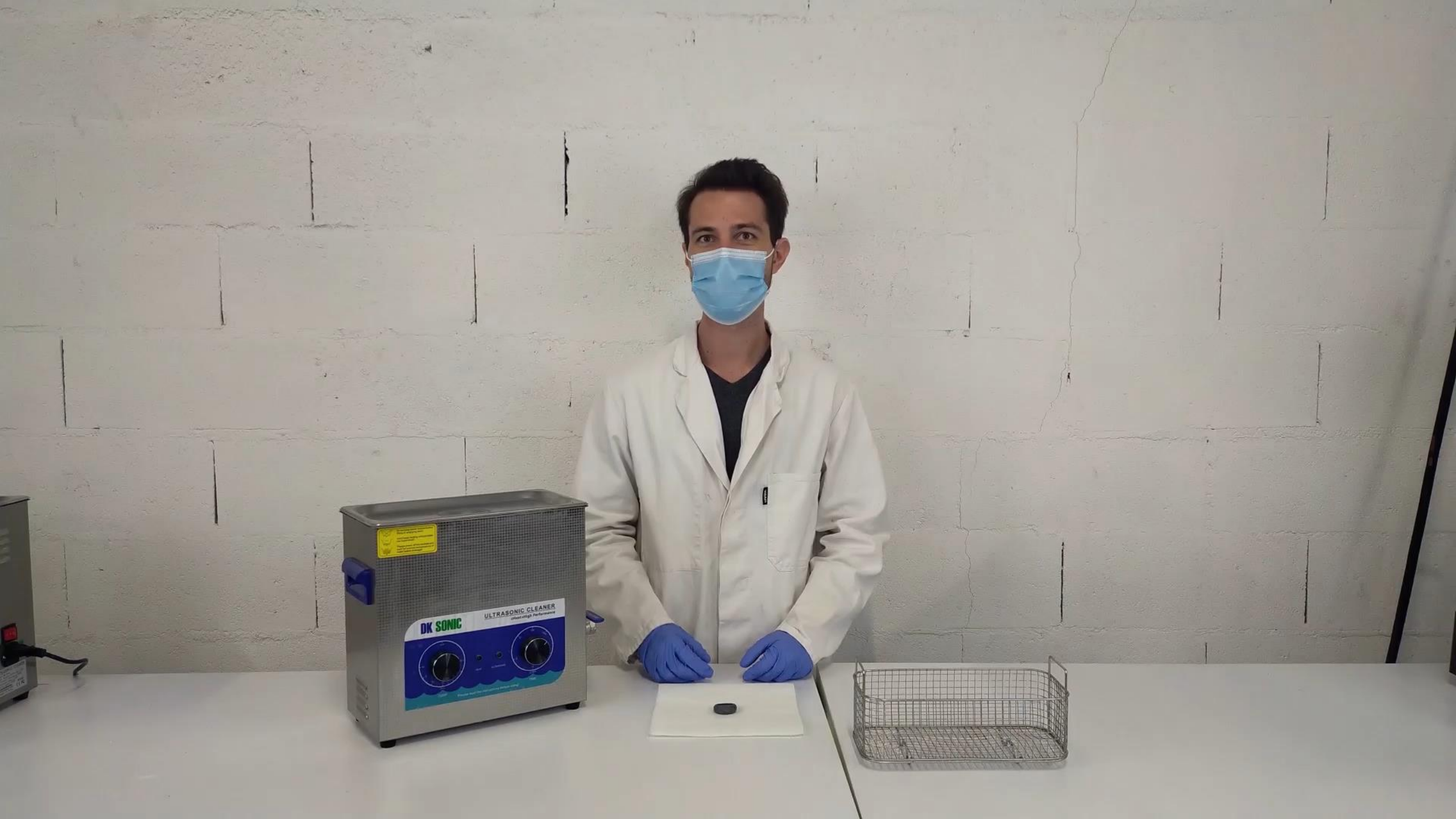
3- DEBINDING



3-DEBINDING

- **Acetone debinding:** heated acetone bath

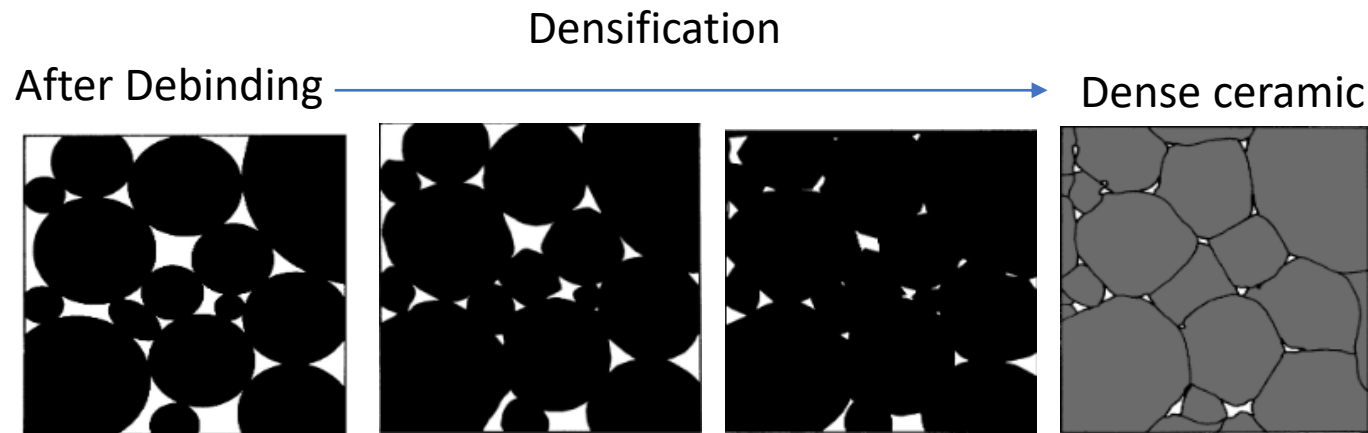
Check mass loss after debinding
(compare with guidelines)





4- SINTERING

- **Density after sintering:** 99% for ceramics, 90 to 95% for metal
- **Shrinkage:** going from 50 – 60 % density to 90 – 99% density implies a linear shrinkage of 15 – 20%



4- SINTERING

- **Furnace:** tube or chamber furnace
- **Sintering temperature:** 1400 – 1600°C
- **Sintering atmosphere:** air for ceramics, Ar/H₂ for metal





5- FINISHING

- **Polishing methods:**
manual or tumbling





Key benefits of Zetamix

Easy-to-use System

Training time is 1 day before you print good parts

Can be used by any trained technician

Very little QSE issues (no volatile powders or toxic materials)

Investment cost are low

Optimized two head 3d printer, debinding kit and atmosphere furnace

Starting, training and user guideline for each material are provided

10k€

Versatility

Compatible with a wide range of materials currently available (Alumina, zirconia, black zirconia, stainless steel) and in development (SiC, WC-Co, Si₃N₄...)

Good accuracy

Accuracy after sintering is **+/- 0.1mm** (for parts up to 80mm)

Possibility to print **closed porosities** and **hollow structures**